

# HMWB Workshop, 12-13 March 2009, Brussels

## Member State Questionnaire

### 1. Context

A workshop on Heavily Modified Water Bodies (HMWB) will be organised on 12-13 March 2009 in Brussels by Germany, UK and the European Commission in cooperation with the WFD CIS-ECOSTAT-group and the CIS-HYMO-activity.

The workshop aims to allow information exchange on the following topics:

- **Designation of HMWB:**  
Exchange of experiences on practical application of HMWB designation processes in Member States.
- **Establishing good ecological potential (GEP):**  
Exchange information on the practical application of both methods for deriving GEP (HMWB Guidance No 4 approach based on biological quality elements and the “Prague” approach based on mitigation measures – *see Annex*) and collect examples of results.  
Compare results of methods and discuss, if they are comparable and what are reasons of differences.
- **Objective setting and measures:**  
Collect and discuss experiences of Member States on objective setting for HMWB (including related issues like application of exemptions) and exchange information about planned mitigation measures.

A discussion document will be prepared for the workshop. In order to collect background information for the workshop discussion document, Member States are kindly asked to fill in the present questionnaire on water uses and parameters included in HMWB designation, methods for classification of HMWB and ways of objective setting for HMWB in Member States.

Please fill in *one questionnaire per Member State* and return to [elftheria.kampa@ecologic.eu](mailto:elftheria.kampa@ecologic.eu) at the latest by **16 January 2009**. Please do not hesitate to answer, even if you can only provide information on national RBD level.

### 2. General information

**Q2.1:** Name of Member State.

**Bulgaria**

**Q2.2:** Name and contact details of person to be contacted if any clarifications on the reply to this questionnaire are needed.

BG 1000 – Petar Dimitrov - [dunavbd@bddd.org](mailto:dunavbd@bddd.org)

BG 2000 – Mihail Petrov - [bdvarna@bsbd.org](mailto:bdvarna@bsbd.org)

BG 3000 - Gergana Georgieva - [bd\\_plovdiv@abv.bg](mailto:bd_plovdiv@abv.bg)

BG 4000 – Georgi Jbantov - [bdblq@wabd.bg](mailto:bdblq@wabd.bg)

### 3. HMWB designation

**Note:** For each answer below **rounded figures** would be appropriate.

**Q3.1: Please tell us about the proportion of each water category you have identified for designation as heavily modified by completing the two Tables below**

**Number of HMWB**

River		Lake		Transitional water		Coastal water	
Total number of water bodies (including non-HMWBs)	Number to be designated	Total number of water bodies (including non-HMWBs)	Number to be designated	Total number of water bodies (including non-HMWBs)	Number to be designated	Total number of water bodies (including non-HMWBs)	Number to be designated
BG 1000 <b>120</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>29</b>	-	-	-	-
BG 2000 <b>87</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0</b>
BG 3000 <b>246</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>58</b>	-	-	-	-
BG 4000 <b>116</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>12</b>	-	-	-	-
Total <b>569</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0</b>

**Length and area of HMWB**

River		Lake		Transitional water		Coastal water	
Total length of water bodies (including non-HMWBs) (Km)	Length of to be designated (Km)	Total area of water bodies (including non-HMWBs) (Km <sup>2</sup> )	Area to be designated (Km <sup>2</sup> )	Total area of water bodies (including non-HMWBs) (Km <sup>2</sup> )	Area to be designated (Km <sup>2</sup> )	Total area of water bodies (including non-HMWBs) (Km <sup>2</sup> )	Area to be designated (Km <sup>2</sup> )
BG 1000 <b>6 283</b>	<b>1244</b>	<b>141,53</b>	<b>123,66</b>	-	-	-	-
BG 2000 <b>3 045</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1 428</b>	<b>0</b>
BG 3000 <b>10 583,4</b>	<b>3721,5</b>	<b>189,6</b>	<b>187,5</b>	-	-	-	-
BG 4000 <b>2 423</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>37</b>	-	-	-	-
Total <b>22 334.4</b>	<b>5 637,5</b>	<b>553,13</b>	<b>529,16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1 428</b>	<b>0</b>

**Q3.2: Please tell us about the water uses for which you have identified water bodies as heavily modified by completing the three Tables below**

*Note. If a water body has been designated for more than one use, please count each use.*

Water use [Art.4(3)(a)]	Number of water bodies
Wider environment [Art.4(3)(a)(i)] *	BG 1000 <b>4</b> BG 3000 <b>15</b>
Navigation, including port facilities, or recreation [Art.4(3)(a)(ii)]	BG 2000 <b>5</b>
- Navigation, including port facilities	BG 2000 <b>5</b>
- Recreation	<b>0</b>
Activities for the purposes of which water is stored [Art.4(3)(a)(iii)]	BG 1000 <b>36</b> BG 2000 <b>30</b>

	BG 3000 <b>132</b> BG 4000 <b>15</b>
- Storage for drinking water supply	BG 1000 <b>5</b> BG 2000 <b>4</b> BG 3000 <b>4</b> BG 4000 <b>3</b>
- Storage for power generation	BG 1000 <b>8</b> BG 2000 <b>3</b> BG 3000 <b>78</b> BG 4000 <b>5</b>
- Storage for irrigation	BG 1000 <b>23</b> BG 2000 <b>23</b> BG 3000 <b>50</b> BG 4000 <b>7</b>

	Total	Urban land	Agricultural land
Water regulation, flood protection, land drainage [Art.4(3)(a)(iv)]			
- Water regulation	BG 1000 <b>29</b> BG 2000 <b>20</b> BG 3000 <b>77</b> BG 4000 <b>12</b>	BG 2000 <b>0</b>	BG 2000 <b>20</b>
- Flood protection	BG 1000 <b>11</b> BG 2000 <b>17</b> BG 3000 <b>35</b>	BG 1000 <b>11</b> BG 2000 <b>1</b> BG 3000 <b>35</b>	BG 1000 <b>11</b> BG 2000 <b>16</b> BG 3000 <b>35</b>
- Land drainage	BG 3000 <b>2</b>	BG 3000 <b>2</b>	BG 3000 <b>2</b>

\* Please specify your definition of “wider environment”: river ecosystem

Description of each 'equally important sustainable human development activity' for which HMWB are to be designated [Art.4(3)(a)(v)]	Number of water bodies
BG 2000 <b>salt-production</b>	<b>2</b>
BG 2000 <b>production of healing mud</b>	<b>1</b>

BG 3000 Coal abstraction from opencast	1
BG 4000 Water flow regulation	12
BG 4000 Morphological alterations	12

### Multiple water uses of HMWB

Number of water bodies designated for one use	Number of water bodies designated for two uses	Number of water bodies designated for three or more uses
BG 1000 28	8	4
BG 2000 41	4	2
BG 3000 13	60	30
BG 4000 12	8	2
Total 82	72	36

**Q3.3: Please tell us about the criteria you used to decide if a water body was substantially changed in character for it to be considered for designation as heavily modified by completing the applicable Tables below**

Did you use <u>impact-related criteria</u> (e.g. length or area expected to be worse than good status or substantially changed in hydromorphology)? (yes/no)	Did you use <u>pressure-related criteria</u> (e.g. volume of water stored; height of dam)? (yes/no)	Did you use <u>use-related criteria</u> (e.g. number of people provided with drinking water; protection against particular flood return period; daily number of vessels)? (yes/no)	Did you use <u>other types of criteria</u> ? (yes/no)
BG 1000 No	Yes	No	No
BG 2000 Yes	No	No	No
BG 3000 No	Yes	No	No
BG 4000 Yes	Yes	No	No

If you used **impact-related criteria**, please complete the following Table

Water category	Description of impact-related criteria (e.g. length or area expected to be worse than good status)
River	BG 2000 485 km BG 4000 Significant morphological alterations
Lake	BG 2000 181 km <sup>2</sup> BG 4000 Water flow regulation
Transitional water	BG 2000 0
Coastal water	BG 2000 0

If you used **pressure-related criteria**, please complete the following Table

Pressure	Description of pressure-related criteria (e.g. volume of water stored; height of dam)?
Impoundment	BG 3000 Water regulated volume, height of dam
Other hydromorphological alterations	

- Rivers	<b>BG 1000</b> Modified river segments - dikes, support walls, weirs and etc. Dams -constructed on a river Number of small dams in the catchment area Length of dikes Change of river direction Abstraction of water, discharge, derivations Change of hydrological regime after big dams Length of gravel abstraction area <b>BG 3000</b> Number of small dams in the catchment area Length of dikes Length of drainage channels Change of river direction Change of hydrological regime after big dams Length of gravel abstraction area
- Lakes	
- Transitional waters	
- Coastal waters	

If you used **use-related criteria**, please complete the following Table

Water use	Description of use-related criteria (e.g. number of people provided with drinking water; protection against particular flood return period; daily number of vessels)
Wider environment [Art.4(3)(a)(i)]	-
Navigation, including port facilities, or recreation [Art.4(3)(a)(ii)]	-
- Navigation, including port facilities	-
- Recreation	-
Activities for the purposes of which water is stored [Art.4(3)(a)(iii)]	-
- Storage for drinking water supply	-
- Storage for power generation	-
- Storage for irrigation	-
Water regulation, flood protection, land drainage [Art.4(3)(a)(iv)]	-
- Water regulation	-
- Flood protection	-
- Land drainage	-
Equally important sustainable human development activity' [Art.4(3)(a)(v)]	-

If you used **other criteria**, please complete the following Table

Description of other criteria used to decide if water bodies are substantially changed in character to consider designation

**Q3.4: Please tell us about the criteria you used to decide if implementing a measure (e.g. a restoration measure to achieve good status or a mitigation measure aimed at improving the ecological potential of a water body) would have a significant adverse effect on use by completing the two Tables below**

<b>Have you developed specific criteria on significant adverse effects on use to help prepare the draft river basin management plans?</b>	
BG 1000	<u>No</u>
BG 2000	<u>No</u>
BG 3000	<u>No</u>
BG 4000	<u>No</u>

<b>Have you identified <u>pressure-specific criteria</u> to help screen out measures which would have a significant adverse effect on use (e.g. reducing abstraction by &gt; 50 %)? (yes/no)</b>	<b>Have you identified <u>measure-specific criteria</u> to help screen out measures which would have a significant adverse effect on use (e.g. dismantling major dams)? (yes/no)</b>	<b>Have you identified <u>use-specific numeric criteria</u> (e.g. % loss of energy generation) to help screen out measures which would have a significant adverse effect on use? (yes/no)</b>	<b>Have you identified <u>other types of criteria</u> to help decide what constitutes a significant adverse effect on use? (yes/no)</b>
BG 1000 <u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>
BG 2000 <u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>
BG 3000 <u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>
BG 4000 <u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>No</u>

<b>Water use</b>	<b>Examples of the principal criteria you used to decide if a measure or combination of measures would have a significant adverse effect on use</b>
Wider environment [Art.4(3)(a)(i)]	-
Navigation, including port facilities, or recreation [Art.4(3)(a)(ii)]	-
- Navigation, including port facilities	-
- Recreation	-
Activities for the purposes of which water is stored [Art.4(3)(a)(iii)]	-
- Storage for drinking water supply	-
- Storage for power generation	-
- Storage for irrigation	-
Water regulation, flood protection, land drainage [Art.4(3)(a)(iv)]	-
- Water regulation	-
- Flood protection	-
- Land drainage	-

Equally important sustainable human development activity' [Art.4(3)(a)(v)	-
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**Q3.5: Please tell us about the other environmental options you considered to decide if the benefits of the use could be provided by a significantly better environmental option [Art. 4(3)(b)] by completing the Table below**

Water use	Other environmental options considered
Wider environment [Art.4(3)(a)(i)]	-
Navigation, including port facilities, or recreation [Art.4(3)(a)(ii)]	-
- Navigation, including port facilities	-
- Recreation	-
Activities for the purposes of which water is stored [Art.4(3)(a)(iii)]	-
- Storage for drinking water supply	-
- Storage for power generation	-
- Storage for irrigation	-
Water regulation, flood protection, land drainage [Art.4(3)(a)(iv)]	-
- Water regulation	-
- Flood protection	-
- Land drainage	-
Equally important sustainable human development activity' [Art.4(3)(a)(v)	-

#### 4. Establishing Good Ecological Potential (GEP)

**Q4.1: Please tell us about the method you used to classify the ecological potential of heavily modified water bodies by completing the applicable Tables below**

Are you satisfied that your draft classification results reflect the effect of hydromorphological alterations on ecological potential ? (yes/no)	Have you classified the effect of hydromorphological alterations on ecological potential using <u>biological assessment methods</u> (according to CIS Guidance No. 4 – See Annex)? (yes/no)	Have you classified the effect of hydromorphological alterations on ecological potential by assessing whether <u>all practicable mitigation measures</u> have been taken (according to the Prague approach - See Annex)? (yes/no)	Have you developed <u>another method</u> of classifying the effect of hydromorphological alterations on ecological potential? (yes/no)
BG 1000 <b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>
BG 3000 <b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>
BG 4000 <b>no</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>

<b>Have you adapted your existing biological assessment methods for application to heavily modified water bodies?</b>	
BG 1000	<b>no</b>
BG 2000 The assessment methods considered the character of the water body only – flowing or standing water. There are no additional adapting characteristics used for application to heavily modified water bodies.	
BG 3000	<b>no</b>
BG 4000	<b>no</b>

<b>Have you developed specific biological assessment methods for classifying HMWBs?</b>	
BG 1000	<b>no</b>
BG 2000	<b>no</b>
BG 3000	<b>no</b>
BG 4000	<b>no</b>

Please complete the Table below if you have classified the effect on ecological potential of hydromorphological alterations using **biological assessment methods** (according to CIS Guidance No. 4 – See Annex)

<b>Water category</b>	<b>Were you able to derive biological references for maximum ecological potential? (yes/no)</b>	<b>What biological quality element (or elements) have you used to make these assessments?</b>
Rivers		
Lakes		
Transitional waters		
Coastal waters		

Please complete the Table below if you have classified the effect on ecological potential of hydromorphological alterations using the **mitigation measures approach** (according to the Prague approach - See Annex)

<b>Water use</b>	<b>Did you develop use-specific generic checklists of mitigation measures? (yes/no)</b>	<b>Did you identify water body-specific mitigation measures rather than generic checklists? (yes/no)</b>	<b>If applicable, did you modify the generic list to take account of the specific characteristics and use of each HMWB? (yes/no)</b>	<b>Did you involve the water users in applying the method? (yes/no)</b>
BG 1000 BG 3000				
Navigation, including port facilities	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>
Storage for drinking water supply	<b>no</b>	<b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>
Storage for power generation	<b>no</b>	<b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>
Storage for irrigation	<b>no</b>	<b>yes</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>no</b>

Water regulation	no	yes	no	no
Flood protection	no	yes	no	no
Land drainage	no	no	no	no
Equally important sustainable human development activity'	no	no	no	no

<b>If you have developed generic checklists of measures, please describe these</b>
<b>BG 4000</b> we don't have checklists
<b>Please specify if you have a special methodology for the definition of Maximum Ecological Potential (MEP), which differs from your GEP methodology</b>
BG 4000 we don't have methodology

For Member States that have used both approaches of GEP establishment (Guidance No. 4 approach & "Prague" approach):

**Q4.3:** How do the results of using the two approaches compare? Are the mitigation measures needed to achieve good ecological potential comparable? Are there any examples to combine both methods?

(free text)

## 5. Exemptions for HMWB

**Q5.1:** Do you intend to apply Art. 4(4) exemptions (time derogation) to HMWB?

	<u>yes</u>	<u>no</u>
BG 1000	<b>Yes</b>	
BG 2000	<b>Yes</b>	
BG 3000	<b>Yes</b>	
		BG 4000 <b>No</b>

Do you intend to apply Art. 4(5) exemptions (less stringent objectives) to HMWB?

	<u>yes</u>	<u>No</u>
		BG 1000 <b>No</b>
BG 2000	<b>Yes</b>	
		BG 3000 <b>No</b>
		BG 4000 <b>No</b>

How did you combine this with HMWB designation according to Art. 4 (3) and CIS guidance No 4?

**BG 1000** by checking needed time for improvement of the ecological potential because of technical or natural reasons as it was done for other water bodies

**BG 2000** 1. The natural conditions do not allow improvement of the status in the time-period of the Plan. There is accumulation of a large quantity of nutritious and specific chemical substances in the sediments. The accumulation and dynamics of the sediments result in large-scale release of nutrients, which causes eutrophication and affects directly to the organisms living on the bottom of the water

beds. The measures could not give the effect needed in the time-period of the Plan due to the present urbanization, even if the pollution is reduced to levels much below the minimum required. The expert judgment cannot foresee the time-period necessary to reach sustainability (balance) between water phase and sediment (Varna Lake, Beloslav Lake, 3 chanel and the 2 bays).

2. Improvement of the status will be achieved beyond the time-period of the Plan due to technical reasons – the bodies of water are so affected by human activities that it may not likely to reach the objectives.

3. In terms of the social effect: the restriction of the activities that influence directly to the environmental factors would be unacceptable from the point of view of the social effect and the importance of these activities (transportation, deepening of the water bed, hydrotechnical construction, cultivation of aquatic species, etc.)

**BG 3000** by checking needed time for improvement of the ecological potential because of technical or natural reasons as it was done for other water bodies

## 6. Suggestions for the workshop

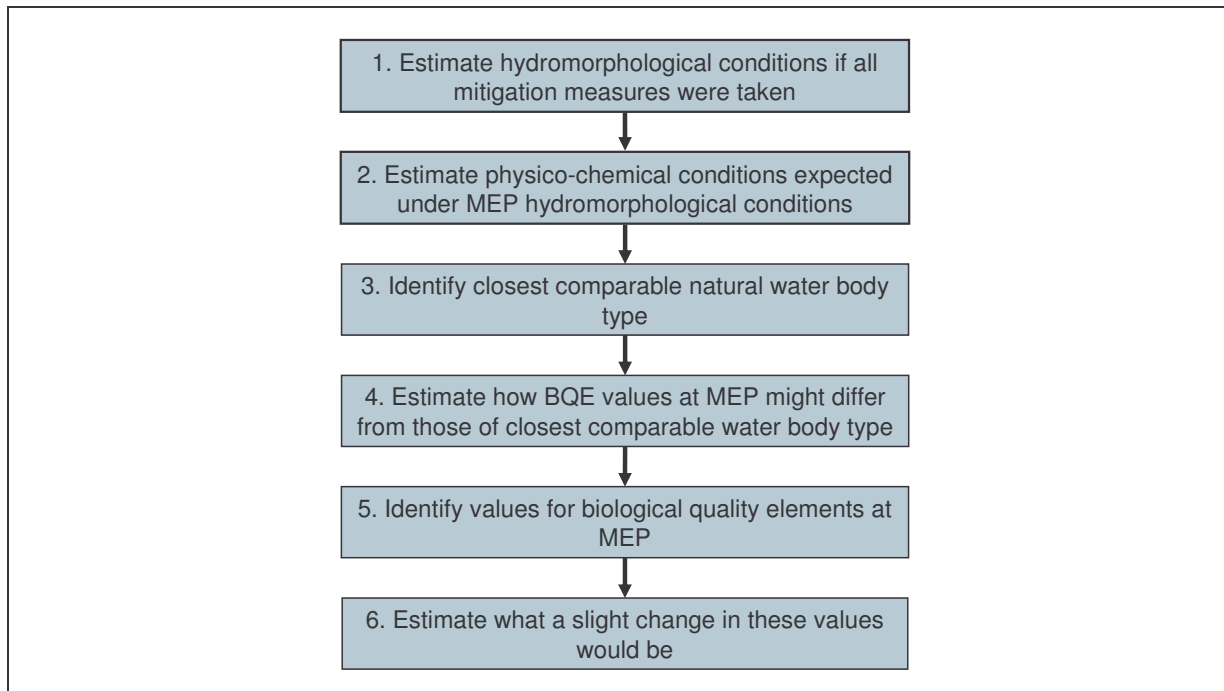
**Q6.1:** Do you have any suggestions for the upcoming workshop on Heavily Modified Water Bodies (12-13 March 2009, Brussels)? E.g.

- Any questions proposed for discussion?
- Public participation ideas concerning HMWB?
- Any pilot projects, methods for presentations at the workshop?

(free text)

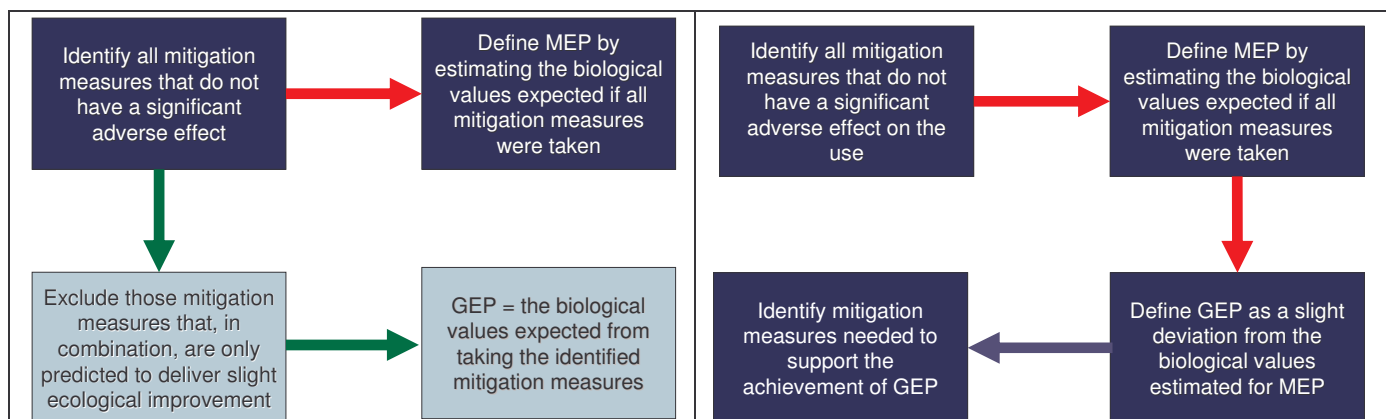
## **Annex: Additional background information on the establishment of Good Ecological Potential (GEP)**

- ✓ Good ecological potential is defined in the Annex V 1.2.5 to the Water Framework Directive as an ecological state in which *“there are slight changes in the values of the relevant biological quality elements as compared to the values found at maximum ecological potential”*.
- ✓ The values for the biological quality elements at MEP should reflect, *“as far as possible, those associated with the closest comparable surface water body type, given the physical conditions which result from the artificial or heavily modified characteristics of the water body”*. The definition recognises that the MEP biological values (a) depend on the MEP hydromorphological conditions and (b) may be different from those of the any natural surface water body type because no such natural type is completely comparable.
- ✓ The Directive defines the MEP hydromorphological conditions as those *“consistent with the only impacts on the surface water body being those resulting from the artificial or heavily modified characteristics of the water body once all mitigation measures have been taken to ensure the best approximation to ecological continuum, in particular with respect to migration of fauna and appropriate spawning and breeding grounds”*.
- ✓ The mitigation measures referred to in the definition of MEP hydromorphological conditions are limited to those that would not have a significant adverse effect on (a) the wider environment or (b) the use or uses that are dependent on the modified characteristics. The purpose of designation of a water body as a HMWB or AWB would be defeated if mitigation measures that would have such adverse effects were included.
- ✓ This also means that GEP cannot represent a state that could only be achieved using measures that would have a significant adverse effect on the wider environment or on the use or uses justifying designation in accordance with Article 4.3.
- ✓ GEP therefore represents a state in which the ecological potential of a water body is falling only slightly short of the maximum it could achieve without significant adverse effects on the wider environment or on the relevant water use or uses. An assessment of disproportionate costs of the mitigation measures should not be considered.
- ✓ In contrast, the definition of good ecological status is independent of any consideration of impact of the measures that may be needed to achieve it. Costs of these measures are also not considered.
- ✓ The generic steps relevant to defining GEP and described in the CIS Guidance Document No.4 can be summarised as in Figure 1 below.



**Figure 1:** Steps in defining GEP as described in the CIS Guidance Document No. 4.

- ✓ Technically the approach is complicated and highly reliant on good predictive modelling or expert judgement. Any errors in the estimates made in each of the steps will tend to sum. This compounding of errors could result in a definition of GEP that cannot be achieved without significant adverse effects on a relevant water use or that fails to reflect the level of ambition intended by the Directive.
- ✓ The alternative method described below defines GEP relevant to those biological quality elements and physico-chemical quality elements that are so affected by the heavily modified characteristics that they cannot achieve their GES values without measures being taken that would have a significant adverse effect on the wider environment or on a use of the water body that is reliant on the modifications. For other quality elements, their values at GEP are expected to be the same as their GES values prior to the hydromorphological modifications.
- ✓ Figure 2 summarises the main steps involved in the alternative approach to defining GEP (left side of Figure) and compares this with the main steps in the approach set out in CIS Guidance Document No. 4 (right side of Figure).



**Figure 2:** Steps involved in defining GEP using alternative approach (left side) compared to the relevant steps in the approach described in CIS Guidance Document No. 4 (right side); red arrows: steps following CIS method, green arrows: modifications of CIS method.

- ✓ Under both approaches the gap between MEP and GEP in ecological quality terms will be slight. Ecologically, GEP will represent the same level of ambition whichever of the two approaches is used.
- ✓ Nevertheless both approaches are still somewhat theoretical. Their advantages and disadvantages are yet to be demonstrated. Practical experience of defining GEP is currently very limited, the definition of GEP seems to be very complex. In the course of implementation, knowledge and understanding will increase enabling the further development and improvement of the approaches. Member States may also identify other alternative approaches.